



# Frederikssund-Halsnæs Brand- & Redningsberedskab







#### **MEETING**

Frederikssund Halsnæs Fire & Rescue Service (FHFRS) 8-9 December 2014 Frederikssund – Denmark







#### Future climate



- More rain. More rain in winter and less in summer. The summer season will include both periods of drought and heavier downpours.
- Milder winters. Milder and more humid winters. The growing season of plants may be prolonged.
- Warmer summers. Warmer summers with a risk of more and longer heath waves.
- Higher water levels. A general increase in water levels is expected for the seas around Denmark.
- More wind. More powerful storms can be expected.







## **Heavy Rain 2011 - Copenhagen**







2<sup>nd</sup> July 2011
140 mm rain in 4 hours in Copenhagen
90.000 flood damage
Price
830.000.000 Euro







## **Autum Storms**



Allan – 28th October 2013

Bodil - 5th and 6th December 2013







## **The Storm Allan**



#### The Storm Allan - 28th Oktober 2013:





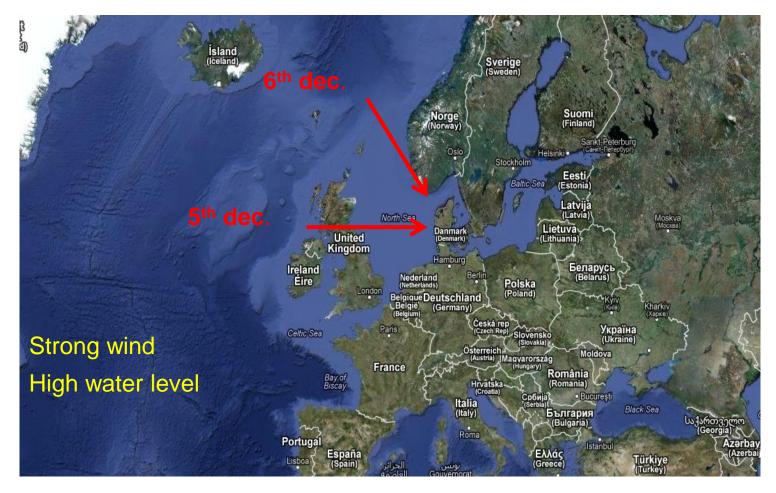






## The Storm "Bodil" - Situation









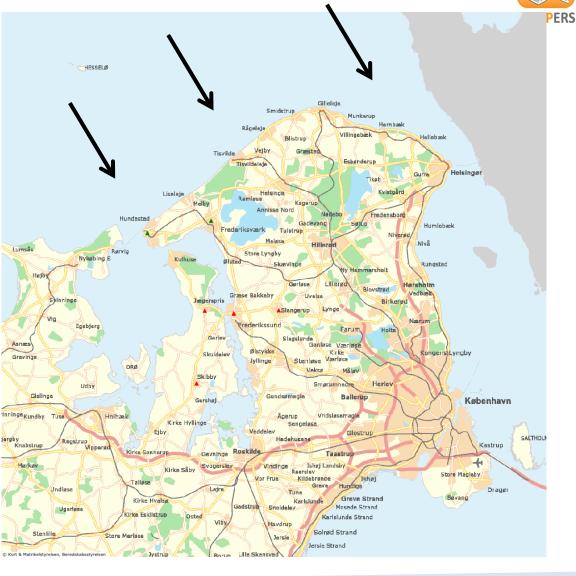
Co-financed by the EU

The Storm "Bodil" - Regional

Mobile Applications for Emergency Response and Support

Strong wind

High water level







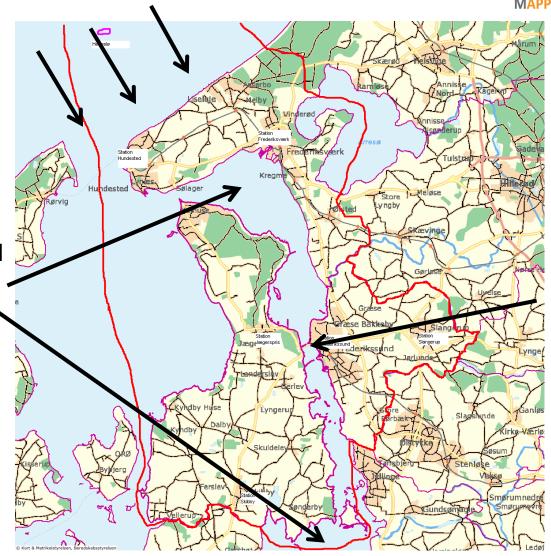
## The Storm "Bodil" - Lokal





Strong wind

High Water Level 2,06 m above normal



Closing of Kronprins Fredriksbro 10.15 am

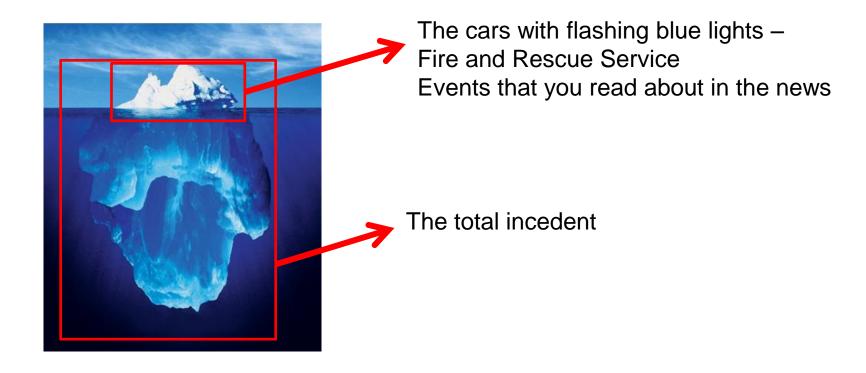






## **Preparedness overall**











## The Storm "Bodil" - damage









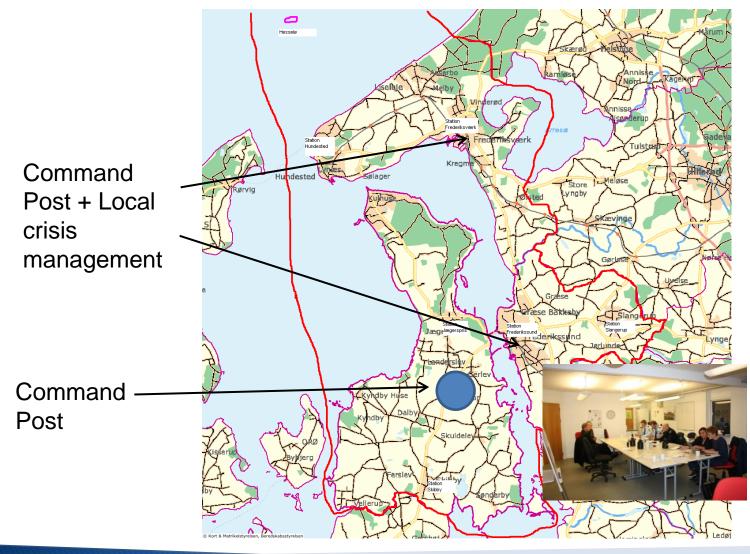






## The storm "Bodil"





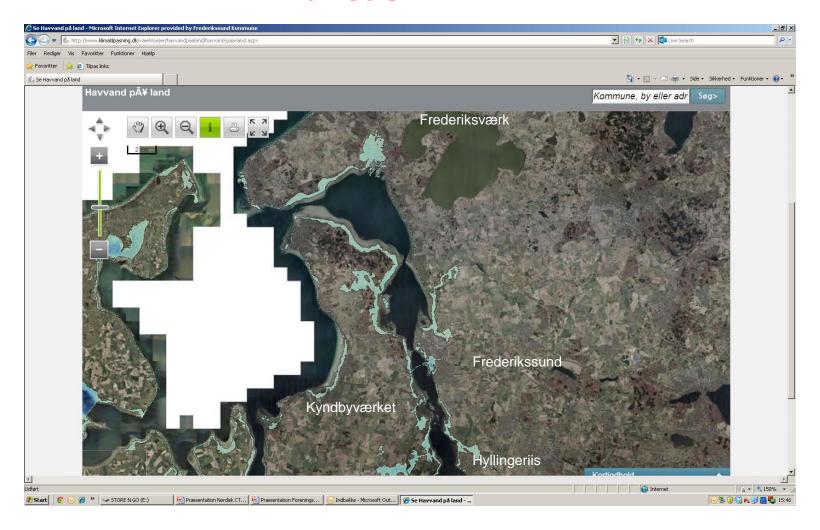






## The Storm "Bodil" - Flooded areas











Co-financed by the EU

## The Storm "Bodil" -Frederikssund objects

Mobile Applications for Emergency Response and Support

**MAPPERS** 









## The Storm "Bodil" -Hyllingeriis

Mobile Applications for Emergency Response and Support







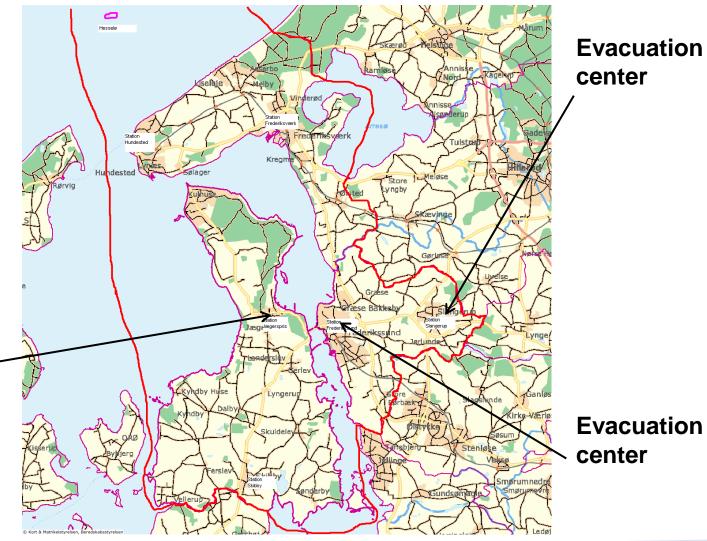




## The Storm "Bodil"









**Evacuation** 

center





## The Storm "Bodil" - incedent



















## The voluntary emergency

#### flood-cafe













## World Economic Forum's (WEF) 2011 Report titled "Global Risk Landscape"

# Flooding is one of the top ten global risks by likelihood and impact combined









## Climate adaptation plans



Denmark must be climate-proofed. It is the conclusion of the last summers rains. The government has proposed a systematic approach through national and local action plans. This means that municipalities within two years must have made a local action plan for climate change adaptation.









# Presenting the danish website; www.klimatilpasning.dk

- What is it about?
- What can it do?
- How can we use it?









- Developed by the Task Force on Climate Change Adaptation under the Danish Ministry of the Environment.
- Provides information about the newest research and development within climate change adaptation in Denmark and abroad.
- Provides graphic representations of climate.
- Six areas; recent, sectors, knowledge, tools, Task Force and about us.
- Three main areas; citizens, municipalities and business.

www.klimatilpasning.dk









## Area 1 - Citizens

- Information about relevant climate changes for citizens.
- The future climate for Denmark.
- Preparation for you and your house.
- Guides and advices.









## **Area 2 – Municipalities**

- Areas of focus as a municipality.
- How to make a climate change plan.
- Tools to simulate climate changes.
- Legislation, departmental orders and planning.
- Sharing of climate change plans for municipalities.









## Area 3 - Business

- BusinessWizzard
- Advices to prevention and minimizing risks.
- Grants to climate adaption.
- Inspiration from others.







## What can it do?



- Provides a wide range of tools.
- Visual and interactive guides, advices and methods.
- "Seawater on land"
- Demonstration.

## www.klimatilpasning.dk







## How can we use it?



- Climate change plan.
- Areas of focus.
- Which precautions to take.
- Prevention and preparedness.







## Prevention



- Streams and rivers must be cleaned.
- Water must be stopped inside the country using rainwater tanks designed as wet meadows near streams will delay the water outlet towards the coast, so it runs over a longer period.
- The municipality's future local planning will focus on rainwater tanks
   wet meadows and green outer areas.
- Sewage plan must ensure adequate dissipation capacity
- Reinforcement of dikes as a protective measure.
- The local planning must ensure that water management situation is included in the total development plan, for example by setting higher terrain elevation for new construction.







## Thank you for your attention!

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